Word order in zero-marking languages: A typological study

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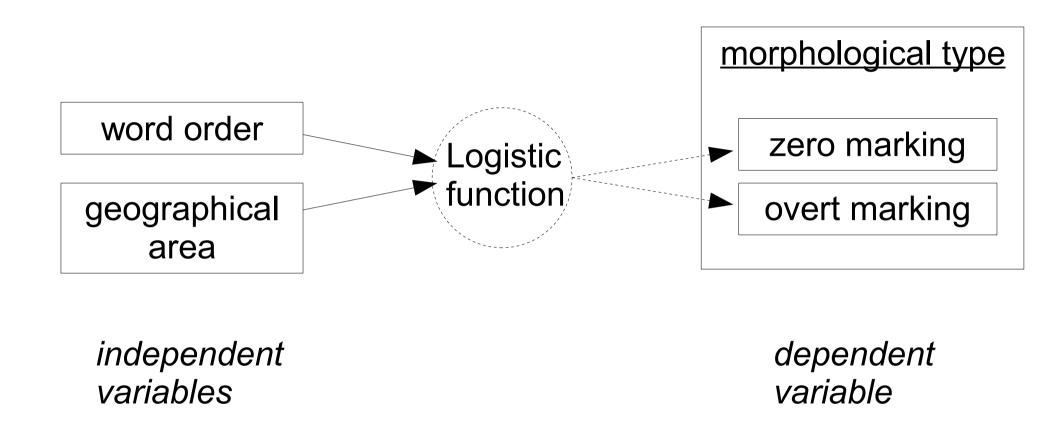
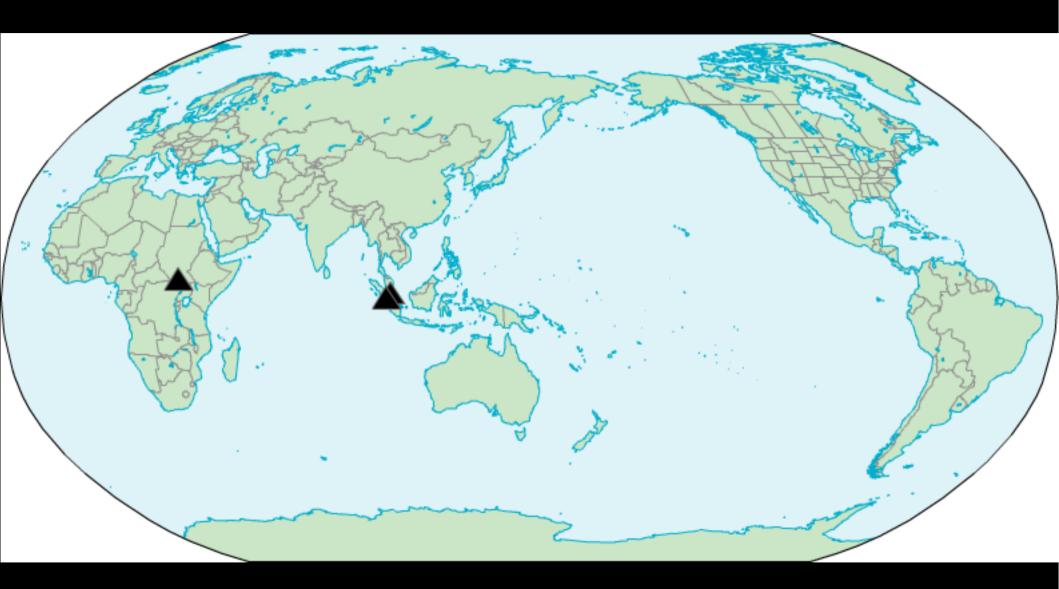
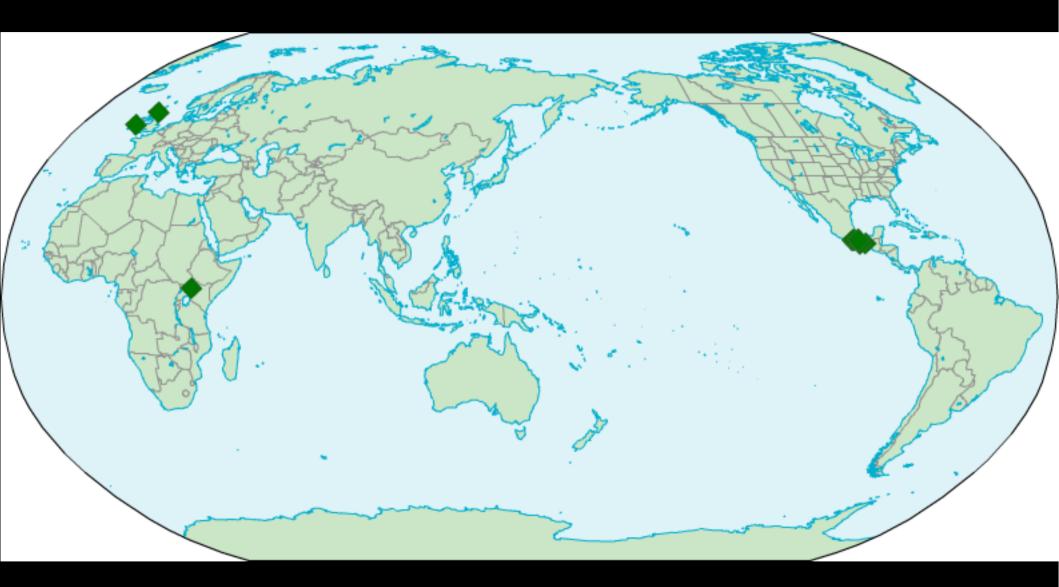


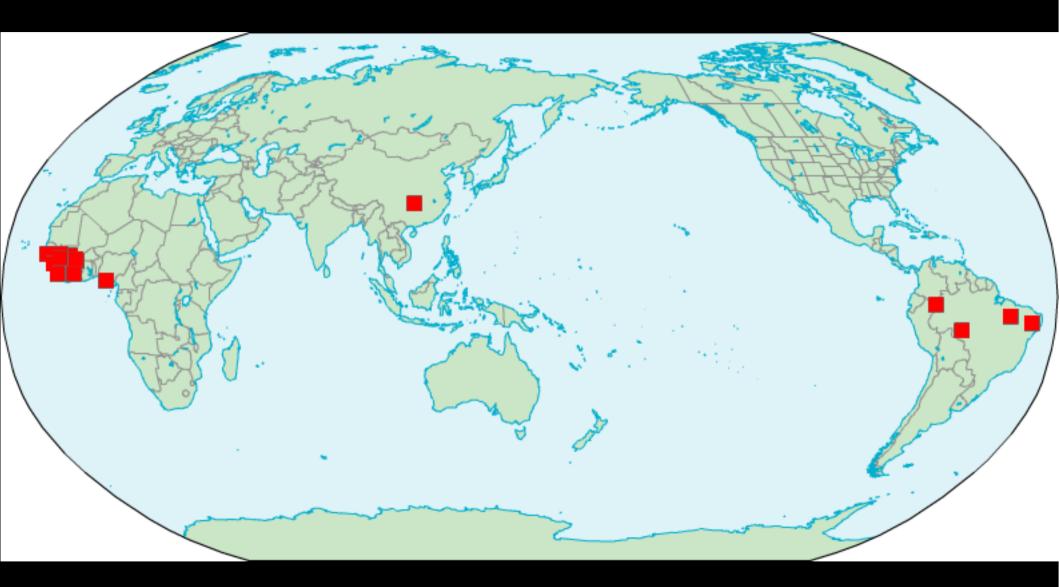
Figure 1: Research design for logistic regression modeling.



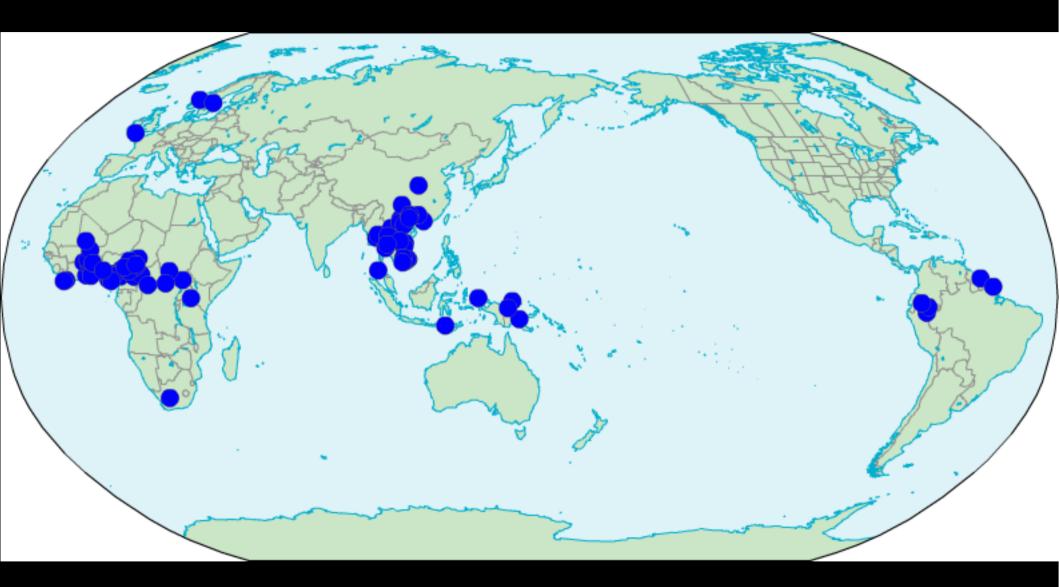
Map 1: zero-marking languages with **no dominant word order**.



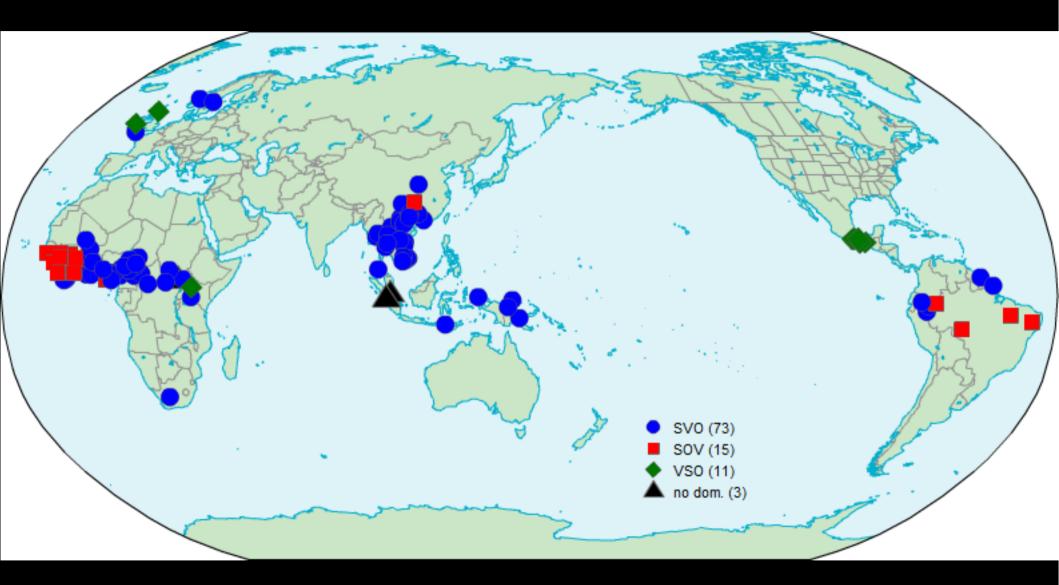
Map 2: zero-marking languages with verb-initial word order.



Map 3: zero-marking languages with verb-finalword order.



Map 4: zero-marking languages with **SVO word order**.



Map 5: all zero-marking languages.

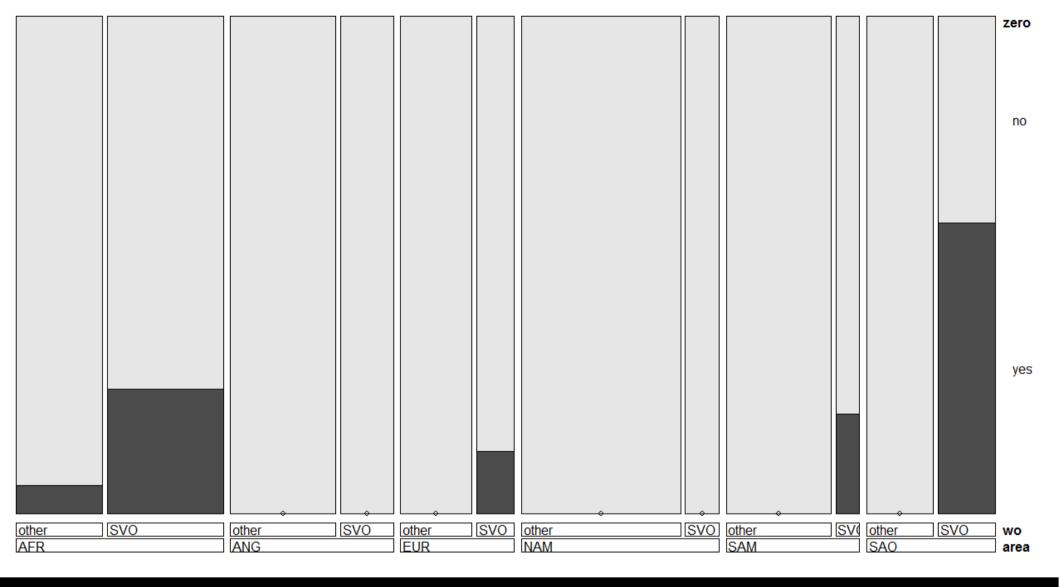


Figure 2: Distribution of the skewing in genealogical groups (6-way ar. breakdown. The width of each area is in proportion to its sample size. The bars "SVO" and "other" show the respective word orders in each area. The width of these bars is proportional to the number of (pseudo-)groups in each area with the particular word order. The dark gray part represents groups skewed to zero marking and the light gray part those skewed to overt marking or with diversity.

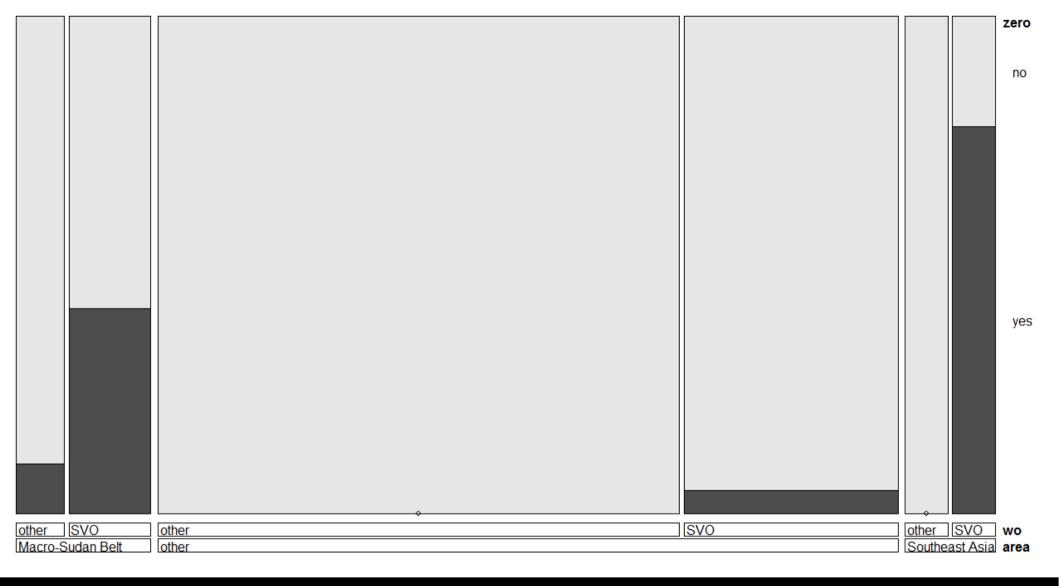


Figure 3: Distribution of the skewing in genealogical groups (area encoded by contrasting the hotbeds with the rest of the world).

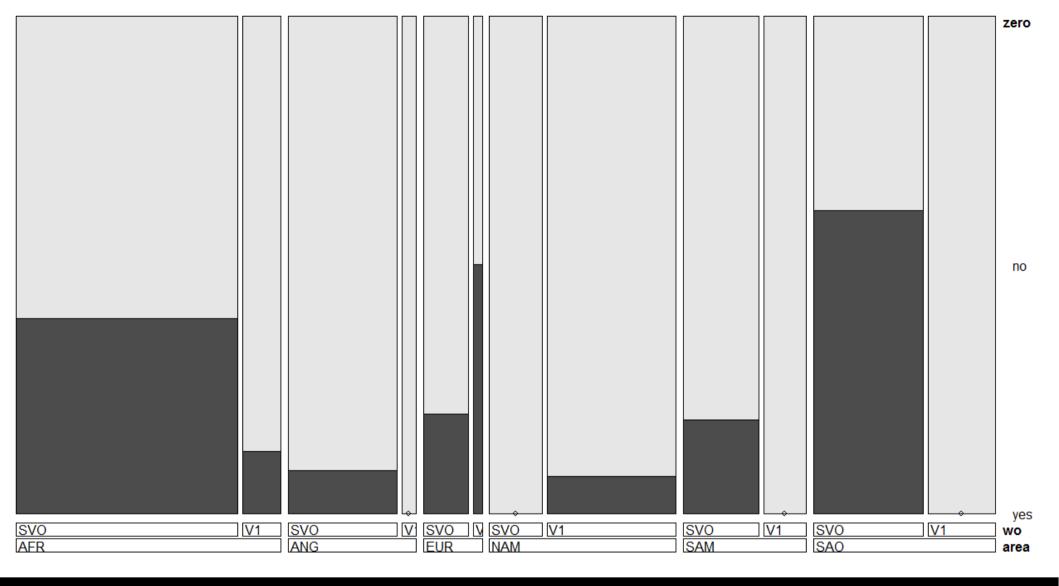


Figure 4: Distribution of the distinct values in genera for the partial data SVO vs. verbinitial (area encoded with the 6-way areal breakdown).