Exercise 2

General instructions: Follow these instructions, as they facilitate the revision of the exercises. The review takes into account that you always use the requested file names. Send only the files requested in the exercise. Return your answers to your assistant as an e-mail entitled TilaI,2017. If you have not programmed before, choose only one of the programming languages (octave/python), and do not change it during the course. If you are sure that you want to try both languages, you can of course do the exercises of both languages. However return the exercises to your assistant in one language only.

• Exercise 2a

Do either the **python** or the **octave** part

python part

Run in the linux terminal the command python Return. Now you are in the python terminal where you can run interactive commands. Run in the python terminal the commands

```
>>> a=1
>>> b=2
>>> c=a+b
>>> print(c)
>>> print(cos(c))
```

Question 1: What outputs do you get? What failure message do you get from the last command?

Exit from **python** with the command [Ctrl] + d. Return to the **python** terminal with the command **python** Return. Run the commands

```
>>> import numpy
>>> a=1
>>> b=2
>>> c=a+b
>>> print(c)
>>> print(numpy.cos(c))
```

Question 2: What outputs or failure messages do you get?

Go to the home directory with the command cd Return Create into the home directory a new directory ohjelmat with the command mkdir ohjelmat Return Move into the new directory with the command cd ohjelmat Return

Edit in the new directory the program H2avalmis.py, that includes the above mentioned six lines given interactively in the **python** terminal. Run the program with the command **python** H2avalmis.py Return.

Question 3: What outputs and/or failure messages do you get?

Requirements of the exercise: Short answers to questions 1–3.

octave part

Run in the **linux** terminal the command **octave Return**. Now you are in the **octave** terminal where you can run interactive commands. Run in the **octave** terminal the commands

```
octave:1> a=1
octave:2> b=2
octave:3> c=a+b
octave:4> disp(cos(c))
```

Question 1: What outputs do you get?

Exit octave with the command exit. Return to octave with the command octave Return. Run in the octave terminal the commands with the ;-sign at the end of each line

```
octave:1> a=1;
octave:2> b=2;
octave:3> c=a+b;
octave:4> disp(cos(c))
```

Question 2: What octave outputs do you get and why are they so few this time?

Go to the home directory with the command cd [Return]

Create into the home directory a new directory **ohjelmat** with the command **mkdir ohjelmat** Return

Move into the new directory with the command cd ohjelmat Return

Edit in the new directory the program H2avalmis.m, that includes the above mentioned four lines given interactively in the octave terminal. Run the program with the command octave H2avalmis.m Return

Question 3: What **octave** outputs do you get?

Requirements of the exercise: Short answers to questions 1–3.

• Exercise 2b (emacs, LAT_EX)

Move into the directory created in exercise 1b /home/username/latex/ Copy from the course website into this directory the file H2bkesken.tex.

Copy the file H2bkesken.tex into a new file H2bvalmis.tex.

Start editing with the command emacs H2bvalmis.tex &. Like this you can run the LATEX command pdflatex H2bvalmis Return without exiting the emacs editor and view continuously the result with the command evince H2bvalmis.pdf & Return

Replace Oppi1 with the text {\tiny. Replace Oppi2 with the text }. Save the changes Crtl + x Crtl + s

Run in the **linux** terminal the command **pdflatex** H2bvalmis Return.

If **I**ATEX "crashes", check what is wrong.

Note: "Crashing" means that **LATEX** doesn't run completely the command **pdflatex H2bvalmis**. In case of a "crash", the ?-sign and some notification is displayed in the terminal. You can ignore small failure notifications such as **Underful hbox**. Errors this small do not produce the ?-sign. If **LATEX** doesn't "crash", you can continue.

Replace Oppi3 with the text $\begin{tiny}. Replace Oppi4 with the text <math>\climeters Crtl + \ s$ Save the changes $Crtl + \ s$

Run in the linux terminal the command pdflatex H2bvalmis Return

If **LATEX** "crashes", check what is wrong.

If **ITEX** doesn't "crash", you can continue.

Replace Oppi5 with the text {\Huge. Replace Oppi6 with the text }. Save the changes $CrtI + \times CrtI + s$

Run in the linux terminal the command pdflatex H2bvalmis [Return]

If $\ensuremath{\mathbf{E}}\ensuremath{\mathbf{T}}\ensuremath{\mathbf{E}}\ensuremath{\mathbf{X}}\xspace$ "crashes", check what is wrong.

If **LATEX** doesn't "crash", you can continue.

Replace Oppi7 with the text $\begin{Huge}. Replace Oppi8 with the text <math>\end{Huge}.$ Save the changes $Crtl + \times Crtl + s$

Run in the linux terminal the command pdflatex H2bvalmis Return

If **LATEX** "crashes", check what is wrong.

If \mathbf{ETEX} doesn't "crash", you can continue.

Replace Oppi9 with the text {\bf. Replace Oppi10 with the text }. Save the changes Crtl + x Crtl + s

Run in the linux terminal the command pdflatex H2bvalmis Return

If $\mathbf{ET}_{\mathbf{E}}\mathbf{X}$ "crashes", check what is wrong.

If **LATEX** doesn't "crash", you can continue.

Replace Oppi11 with the text \begin{bf}. Replace Oppi12 with the text \end{bf}. Save the changes Crtl + x Crtl + s

Run in the linux terminal the command pdflatex H2bvalmis Return

If $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{E}} \mathbf{X}$ "crashes", check what is wrong.

If $\mathbf{IAT}_{\mathbf{E}}\mathbf{X}$ doesn't "crash", you can continue.

Replace Oppi13 with the text $\sim\sim\sim\sim\sim\sim$. Replace Oppi14 with the text $hspace{2.0cm}$. Save the changes $Crtl + \times Crtl + s$

Run in the linux terminal the command pdflatex H2bvalmis Return

If **LATEX** "crashes", check what is wrong.

If $\mathbf{IFT}_{\mathbf{E}}\mathbf{X}$ doesn't "crash", you can continue.

Replace Oppi15 with the text $\$. Replace Oppi16 with the text $\ \ \$ Replace Oppi17 with the text $\ \ \$ Save the changes Crtl+ \times Crtl+sRun in the linux terminal the command pdflatex H2bvalmis Return

If **LATEX** "crashes", check what is wrong.

If **LATEX** doesn't "crash", you can continue.

Replace Oppi18 with the text \vspace{0.5cm}. Save the changes Crtl+ x Crtl+ s Run in the linux terminal the command pdflatex H2bvalmis Return If LATEX "crashes", check what is wrong. If **I**ATEX doesn't "crash", the exercise is done.

Requirements of the exercise: The command pdflatex H2bvalmis works and produces the file H2bvalmis.pdf.

Additional information: If you cannot fix mistakes done while editing, fetch the file H2bkesken.tex from the course website, and restart the editing.

The symbol ~ is written with the keys AltGr + ~ Space bar

In addition to the sizes \tiny or \Huge mentioned in the exercise there are \scriptsize, \small, \normalsize, \large, ... and besides bolding \bf there are \it, \rm, \sc ... Try them elsewhere!

Turning in the exercises

Send to the course assistant an e-mail with the following attachments and write into the e-mail short answers to questions 1-3.

2a: H2avalmis.py or H2avalmis.m,

2b: H2bvalmis.tex and H2bvalmis.pdf